

Conceptualizing **Child Maltreatment:**

What is it and how can we fix it?

Family Impact Seminar

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Terse Overview

- What is child maltreatment?
 - Conceptualization & Key Terms
- Child Maltreatment Statistics
- Consequences of Child Maltreatment
 - Including Foster & Kinship Care
- Current Treatment & Prevention Efforts
- Areas for continued growth in Kentucky



Why are we here? Salient Takeaways

- **Understand** what child maltreatment is;
- Recognize the real consequences of child abuse and neglect CAN;
- <u>Identify</u> promising Kentucky practices for the prevention and treatment of CAN;
- And, <u>appreciate</u> the need to continue to invest in promising practices to address CAN.

What is Child Maltreatment?

- Also referred to as child abuse and neglect (CAN)
 - Two types of maltreatment: abuse and neglect
- Child abuse: deliberate acts or threats of harm committed against a child.
 - Physical abuse
 - Emotional abuse
 - Sexual abuse

What is Child Abuse and Neglect?

Child neglect: failure to meet the child's basic needs.

Basic needs include:





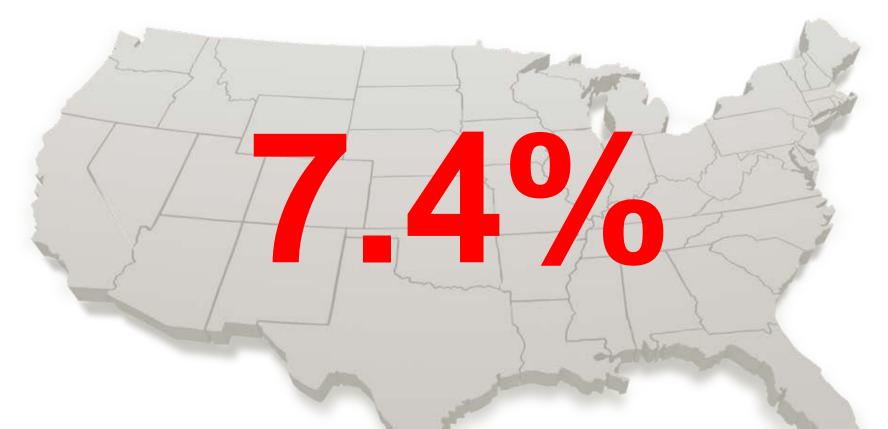








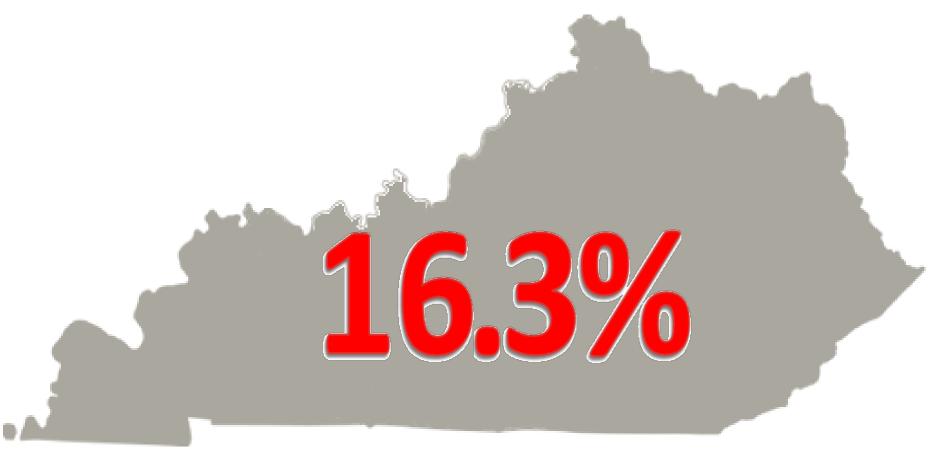
National Statistics on Child Maltreatment



The percent increase of children who received an investigation or alternative response from 2010 (3,023,000) to 2014 (3,248,000).

Source: U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2016). *Child maltreatment 2014*.

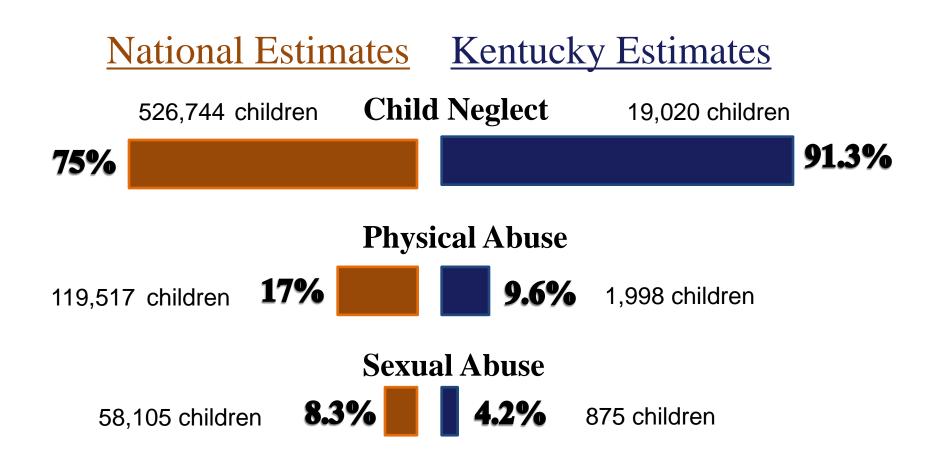
State Statistics on Child Maltreatment



The percent increase of children who received an investigation or alternative response from 2010 (61,643) to 2014 (71,674).

Source: U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2016). *Child maltreatment 2014*.

2014 Substantiated Maltreatment (By Type)



Source: U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau. (2016). *Child maltreatment 2014*.

2014 Statistics on Child Fatalities

Nationally

An estimated 1,580 children died of abuse and neglect at a rate of 2.13 per 100,000 children in the national population.

2014 Statistics on Child Fatalities

Kentucky

at a rate of 1.48 per 100,000 children in the state population.

Consequences of Child Maltreatment

Caveat: The impact of child abuse and neglect is often discussed in terms of physical, psychological, behavioral, and societal consequences.

The consequences are uniquely interconnected...



Unique Consequences: Physical

Short Term: Bruises, cuts, broken bones, etc.

Long Term: Abusive head trauma, impaired brain development, poor physical health.



Unique Consequences: Psychological



- Difficulties during infancy
- Poor mental and emotional health
- Cognitive difficulties
- Social difficulties

Unique Consequences: Behavioral

- Juvenile delinquency and adult criminality
- Alcohol and other drug abuse

Abusive behavior



Unique Consequences: Placement

Foster Care

National = 402,378

Kentucky = 7,825

Cost per day = \$74.51 (KY)

Average Cost Per Child**
\$52,476.20

Kinship Care

National = 2.4 million youths

Kentucky = 107,730 in a household where a relative is the head of household.

23,878 of these youth are in a house where NO parent is present.

^{**}Based on average length of stay in care/Source: Foster Care Fact, 2016/AFCARS, 2016 Generations United, 2014/U.S. Office of Personnel Management, 2015/Census, 2010

At the end of the day...

Nationally, the cost of child maltreatment is estimated at \$124 billion each year (Direct Costs)

ROR: \$47 in benefits to society for every \$1 in program costs



Source: Xiangming, Brown, Florence, & Mercy, 2012; Mercy, Saul, Turner, & McCarthy, 2011

Promising Practices: Kentucky

- START
 Teams/Differential
 Response
- Title IV-E Waiver Programs and Evaluation
- FPP and Diversion (KVC)
- First Step Programs, etc.



Moving Forward:

Areas of Growth for Kentucky

- Continue to implement and evaluate innovative strategies
- Ensure an adequate workforce to provide needed services to families
- Culturally appropriate interventions
- Invest in policies that provide parental education

