

Assuring Quality in After School Programs: What's Working in Other States?

Presentation to the
Illinois Family Impact Seminar

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The Youth Program Quality Assessment¹

- Measures Quality at Point of Service (observation & interview)

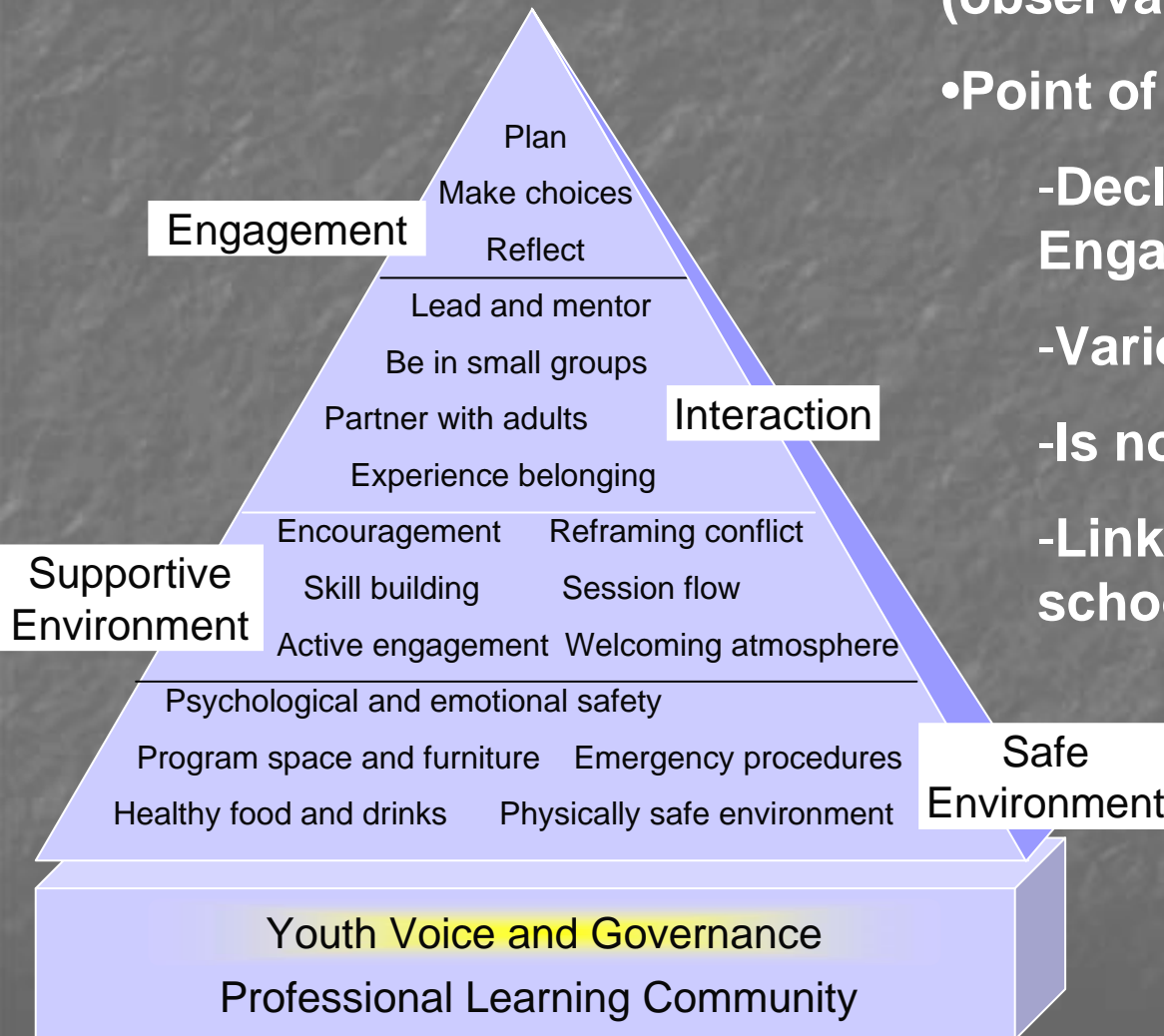
- Point of Service Quality:

- Declines from Safety to Engagement across samples²

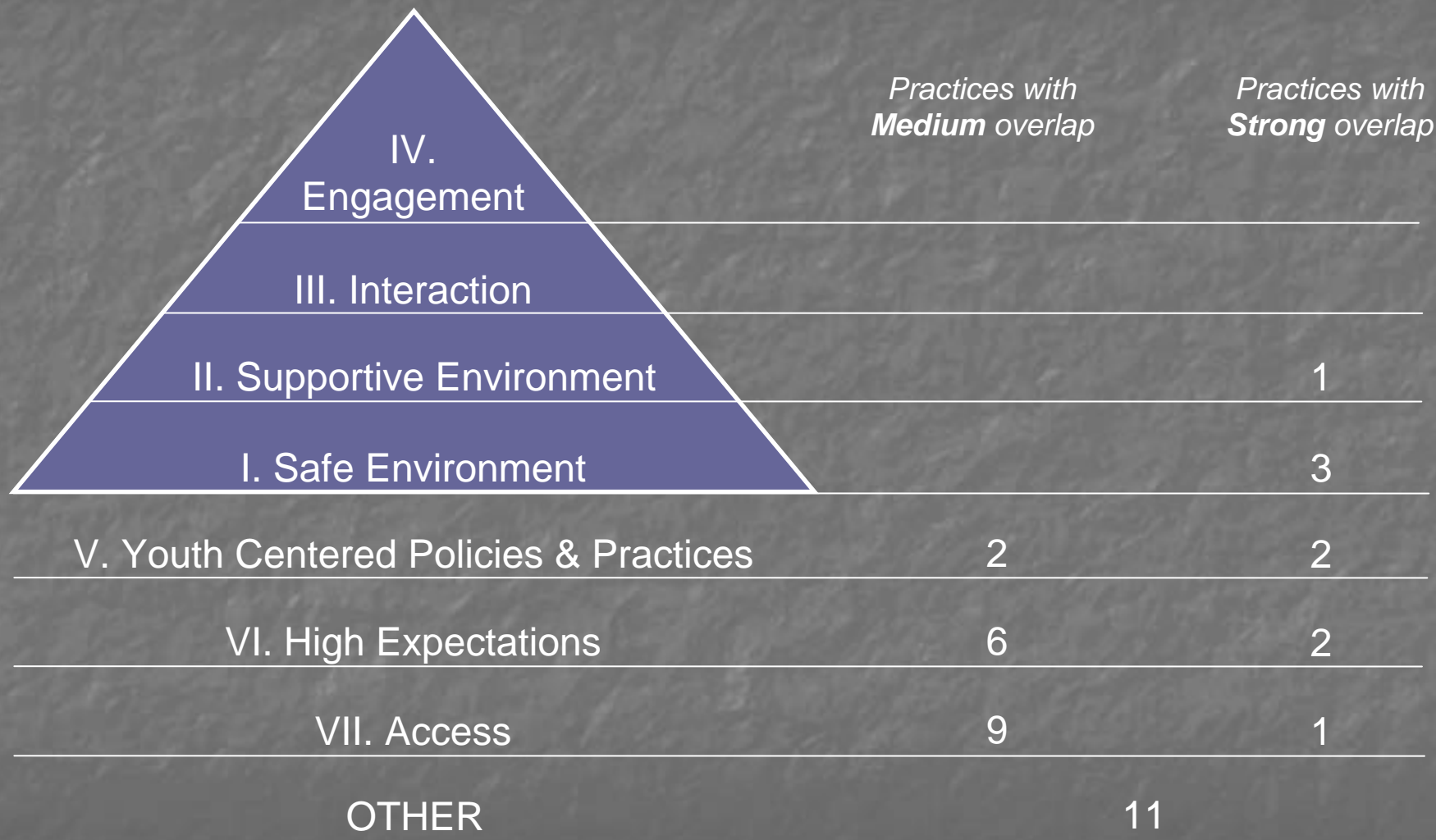
- Varies within organizations²

- Is not related to content²

- Linked to both motivational and school-day outcomes³



Spread of Illinois Teen REACH Benchmarks Across Youth PQA Domains of Quality



**The IL Teen Reach benchmarks contain 38 practices within 7 "Principles"*

Advantages for Users

- For evaluators
 - Is fair (reliable) and meaningful (valid)
 - Can be aligned with standards
- For programs
 - Produces data that supports learning, planning, and change (consequential validity)
- For policymakers
 - Is a foundation for effective accountability
 - Applicable across DOE, DHS & Community-based

Uses in Public Sector A-S Programs

- **Program Self-Assessment in MI and MN**

Low stakes systems where managers and staff observe each other and evaluate practices

- **Monitoring in ME and IA**

Low stakes systems where data is collected by trained external assessors and shared with decision-makers

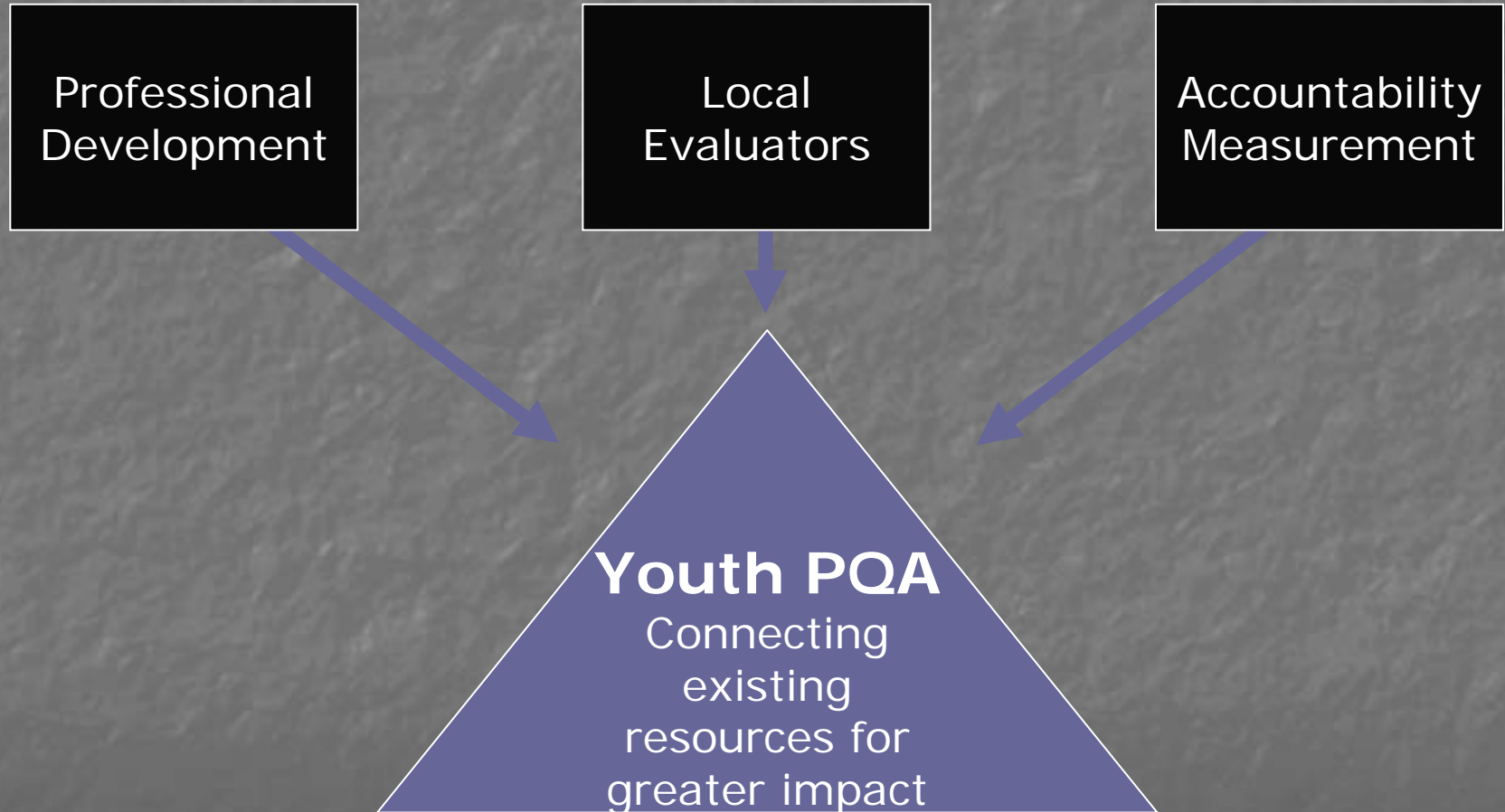
- **Accountability in Palm Beach County**

Higher stakes systems programs are responsible to either meet quality cut-points or demonstrate positive change

Costs

- Three current projects with substantial T&TA for start up range between \$323-\$450 per site per year (1-3 years)⁴. T&TA Includes:
 - On-line training, instant reports, and data dashboards
 - On-site training for reliable assessors and TOT
 - Customization of the assessment tool
 - Quality Coach Certification
- System maintenance costs for the three projects drop to between \$50 and \$175 per site per year⁴
- Staff time varies depending on the purpose for assessment and stakes of use

Leveraging Impact from Existing "Change" Resources



Science and Public Policy Converging on the Quality of Youth Experience in Places

■ Science:

- William T. Grant Foundation – www.wtgrantfoundation.org
- Center for the Advanced Study of Teaching and Learning - www.virginia.edu/vprgs/CASTL/

■ Policy Entrepreneurs:

- Forum for Youth Investment
- America's Promise
- Search Institute
- CS Mott Foundation

Customer Satisfaction

“ High/Scope has developed a tool that offers both practitioner-relevant rubrics for understanding what good practice looks like and research-based measures for assessing and improving the quality of all settings where young people spend time – in school and in the community.”

Karen Pittman

Executive Director,

The Forum for Youth Investment

Over 1,500 Trainees	Mean Score Scale (1-5) 5=excel
Applicability of Youth PQA to current work	4.29
Level of agency support for implementation	4.21
Level of agency support for training	4.32

“ I found the Youth PQA very helpful because it takes out subjectivity and gives the observer a way to dig deeper and assess the quality of the program’s supports, opportunities, and program environment.”

Janay J. Brower

City of Grand Rapids Office of Children, Youth & Families

“Using the Youth PQA has taught me how to look for a quality program – those specific qualities within a program – that I would want my kids to attend.”

Kynisha Chaney-Johnson, *Youth PQA Data Collector & Mother*

References

- Michigan DOE 21st CCLCs
Lorraine Thoreson, Lead consultant, Michigan 21st Century Programs
- Maine DOE 21st CCLCs
Lauren Sterling, Director, Maine Children's Cabinet and 21st Century Program
- Palm Beach County, Florida: School-age A-S programs
Suzette Harvey, Executive Director, Prime Time Inc. Palm Beach County
- City of Grand Rapids, Michigan: Citywide A-S programs
Janay Brower, city of Grand Rapids, MI, Office of Children and Families

Notes

1. High/Scope Foundation (2005). Youth Program Quality Assessment Administration Manual. Ypsilanti, MI: High/Scope Press.
2. Smith, C. (2005). The Youth Program Quality Assessment validation study: Findings for instrument validation. Report available from the High/Scope Foundation at <http://youth.highscope.org>. Smith, C. (2005). What matters for after-school quality? Presentation to the W.T. Grant Foundation After-school Grantees Meeting, December 19, 2005. Available: <http://youth.highscope.org>
3. Durlak, J. & Wiesburg, R. (2007). The impact of after-school programs that promote personal and social skills. Chicago, IL: Collaborative for Academic, Social and Emotional Learning; Rusell, C. and Reisner, E. (2005). Supporting social and cognitive growth among disadvantaged middle-grades students in TASC after-school projects. Policy Studies Associates, Inc.; Author. (2005). Pathways to success for youth: What counts in after-school. Intercultural Center of Research in Education, Arlington, MA and National Institute on Out-of School Time, Wellesley College; Blazevski, J. (2007) Quality in the Grand Rapids 21st Century Programs: Final Report. High/Scope Research Report.
4. High/Scope Memorandum regarding CA Proposition 49.